ANSI/AHRI Standard 1200 (I-P)

2010 Standard for Performance Rating of **Commercial Refrigerated** Display Merchandisers and **Storage Cabinets**





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Air-Conditioning, Heating,

IMPORTANT

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Note:

This standard supersedes ANSI/ARI Standard 1200-2008. For SI ratings, see ANSI/AHRI Standard 1201 (SI) – 2010.

The following certification program ratings are verified by test:

• Total Daily Energy Consumption or Calculated Daily Energy Consumption (kW·h per day)



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PERFORMANCE RATING OF COMMERCIAL REFRIGERATED DISPLAY MERCHANDISERS AND STORAGE CABINETS

Section 1. Purpose

- **1.1** *Purpose*. The purpose of this standard is to establish for Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers and Storage Cabinets: definitions; test requirements; rating requirements; symbols and subscripts; minimum data requirements for Published Ratings; marking and nameplate data and conformance conditions.
 - **1.1.1** *Intent.* This standard is intended for the guidance of the industry, including manufacturers, engineers, installers, contractors and users. The values reported using this standard allow comparison of energy consumption within each of the following product categories: Remote Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers, Remote Commercial Refrigerated Storage Cabinets, Self-contained Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers and Self-contained Commercial Refrigerated Storage Cabinets.
 - **1.1.2** Review and Amendment. This standard is subject to review and amendment as technology advances.

Section 2. Scope

- **2.1** *Scope*. This standard applies to the following manufacturers' standard catalog Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers and Storage Cabinets, provided that the cases are equipped and designed to work with electrically driven, direct expansion type systems:
 - a. Self-contained and Remote Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers and Storage Cabinets
 - b. Open and Closed Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers
- **2.2** Exclusions. This standard does not apply to the following:
 - a. Refrigerated vending machines
 - b. Ice makers
 - c. Soft serve extruders
 - d. Secondary coolant applications

Section 3. Definitions

All terms in this document shall follow the standard industry definitions in the current edition of ASHRAE Terminology of Heating, Ventilation, Air Conditioning and Refrigeration unless otherwise defined in this section.

- **3.1** Anti-condensate Energy Consumption (AEC). The Total Daily Energy Consumption used in condensate removal on the outside of the Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandiser or Storage Cabinet, which typically includes fan and condensate heater energy expressed in $kW \cdot h$ per day.
- **3.2** Calculated Daily Energy Consumption (CDEC). This is a value for Remote Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers or Storage Cabinets based upon the requirements of this standard expressed in kW·h per day.
- **3.3** Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandiser. A cabinet cooled by a refrigerating system for displaying chilled and/or frozen food to be maintained within prescribed temperature limits.
 - **3.3.1** Closed Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandiser. A refrigerated display merchandiser where food is accessible for removal by opening or moving doors or panels.

- **3.3.2** *Open Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandiser*. A refrigerated display merchandiser where food is accessible for removal without opening or moving doors or panels.
- **3.3.3** Remote Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandiser. A refrigerated display merchandiser that has a remote condensing unit.
- **3.3.4** Self-contained Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandiser. A refrigerated display merchandiser that has a completely factory assembled and factory tested refrigerating system in which all of the refrigerant-containing parts are permanently connected at the factory.
- **3.3.5** Service Over the Counter (SOC). A commercial refrigerator or freezer equipped with sliding or hinged doors in the back intended for use by sales personnel, and with glass or other transparent material in the front for displaying merchandise. The equipment has a height no greater than 66 inches and is intended to serve as a counter for transactions between sales personnel and customers.
- **3.4** Commercial Refrigerated Storage Cabinet. A closed cabinet cooled by a refrigerating system for storing chilled and/or frozen food to be maintained within prescribed temperature limits.
 - **3.4.1** Remote Commercial Refrigerated Storage Cabinet. A refrigerated storage cabinet that has a remote condensing unit.
 - **3.4.2** Self-contained Commercial Refrigerated Storage Cabinet. A refrigerated storage cabinet that has a completely factory assembled and factory tested refrigerating system in which all of the refrigerant-containing parts are permanently connected at the factory.
- 3.5 Compressor Energy Consumption (CEC). The energy consumed by the compressor expressed in kW·h per day.
- **3.6** Condensate Evaporator Pan Energy Consumption (PEC). The amount of heat energy required to change condensate from liquid to a vapor in the evaporator pan expressed in $kW \cdot h$ per day.
- 3.7 Defrost Energy Consumption (DEC). The energy consumed during defrost cycles expressed in kW·h per day.
- 3.8 Dew Point. Refrigerant vapor saturation temperature at a specified pressure expressed in °F.
 - **3.8.1** Adjusted Dew Point. An adjusted temperature lower than actual Dew Point temperature expressed in °F, resulting from suction line pressure losses, equal to saturated suction temperature at the compressor.
- **3.9** Energy Efficiency Ratio (EER). A ratio of the cooling capacity in Btu/h to the power input values in watts at any given set of Rating Conditions expressed in $Btu/(W \cdot h)$.
- **3.10** Fan Energy Consumption (FEC). The energy consumed by fan motors expressed in kW·h per day.
- 3.11 Integrated Average Temperature. The average of all test package measurements taken during the test expressed in °F.
- **3.12** Lighting Energy Consumption (LEC). The energy consumed by lighted shelves and lighting internal to the refrigerated display merchandiser or storage cabinet expressed in kW·h per day.
- **3.13** *Product Temperature*. Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers or Storage Cabinets shall be tested with one or more of the following Integrated Average Temperatures:
 - **3.13.1** *Ice Cream Applications.* Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers and Storage Cabinets intended specifically for the storage, display or dispensing of ice cream and so labeled by the manufacturer shall have an Integrated Average Product Temperature of -15.0° F $\pm 2.0^{\circ}$ F.
 - **3.13.2** Low Temperature Applications. Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers and Storage Cabinets intended for Low Temperature Applications to include storing and displaying frozen foods, as well as ice cream products, shall have an Integrated Average Product Temperature of $0.0^{\circ}\text{F} \pm 2.0^{\circ}\text{F}$.

- **3.13.3** *Medium Temperature Applications.* Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers and Storage Cabinets intended for Medium Temperature Applications, shall have an Integrated Average Temperature of $38^{\circ}F \pm 2.0^{\circ}F$.
- **3.13.4** Application Product Temperature. This test allows Integrated Average Temperatures other than 3.13.1, 3.13.2 and 3.13.3.

Note: Requirement 3.13.1 is defined to address products designed and labeled explicitly for Ice Cream Applications as defined in the United States Code of Federal Regulations 10 CFR Part 431 Section IV.B.5. Freezer display merchandisers and storage cabinets that are designed for use in both low temperature (frozen food) and Ice Cream Applications by making set point adjustments will be rated as a low temperature application (3.13.2).

- **3.14** *Published Rating.* A statement of the assigned values of those performance characteristics, under stated Rating Conditions, by which a unit may be chosen for its application. The term Published Rating includes the rating of all performance characteristics shown on the unit or published in specifications, advertising or other literature controlled by the manufacturer, at stated Rating Conditions.
 - **3.14.1** *Application Rating*. A rating based on tests performed at application Rating Conditions (other than Standard Rating Conditions).
 - **3.14.2** *Standard Rating*. A rating based on tests performed at Standard Rating Conditions.
- **3.15** *Rating Conditions*. Any set of operating conditions under which a single level of performance results and which causes only that level of performance to occur.
 - **3.15.1** Standard Rating Conditions. Rating Conditions used as the basis of comparison for performance characteristics.
- **3.16** "Shall" or "Should". "Shall" or "should" shall be interpreted as follows:
 - **3.16.1** Shall. Where "shall" or "shall not" is used for a provision specified, that provision is mandatory if compliance with the standard is claimed.
 - **3.16.2** Should. "Should" is used to indicate provisions which are not mandatory but which are desirable as good practice.
- **3.17** Total Daily Energy Consumption (TDEC). A calculated energy consumption value for Self-contained Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers and Storage Cabinets based upon the requirements of this standard expressed in kW·h per day.
- **3.18** Total Display Area (TDA). The sum of the projected area(s) for visible product expressed in ft².
- **3.19** *Volume.* Two methods are defined for determining refrigerated volume.
 - **3.19.1** AHAM Volume Method. The interior volume of a refrigerator as calculated by AHAM HRF-1.
 - **3.19.2** *Load Line Volume Method.* The gross interior volume of the refrigerator contained within the load limit lines. This gross volume shall be calculated without display devices installed.

Section 4. Test Requirements

- **4.1** Test Requirements. The tests required for this standard shall be conducted in accordance with ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 72.
 - **4.1.1** *Dry-Bulb Temperature.* The average test-room dry-bulb temperature shall be $75.2^{\circ}F \pm 1.8^{\circ}F$, when measured in accordance with ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 72.
 - **4.1.2** Wet-Bulb Temperature. The average test-room wet-bulb temperature shall be $64.4^{\circ}F \pm 1.8^{\circ}F$, when measured in accordance with ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 72.
 - **4.1.3** Electrical Conditions. Nameplate voltages for 60 Hertz systems are shown in Table 1 of AHRI Standard 110. Nameplate voltages for 50 Hertz systems shall include one or more of the utilization voltages shown in Table 1 of IEC Standard 60038. Tests shall be performed at the nameplate rated voltage and frequency unless otherwise specified in this standard. For all dual nameplate voltage equipment covered by this standard, tests shall be performed at both voltages or at the lower voltage if only a single rating is to be published.

Section 5. Rating Requirements for Remote Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers and Storage Cabinets

- **5.1** *General.* This section identifies the necessary data required to calculate the CDEC for Remote Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers and Storage Cabinets.
- **5.2** CDEC for Remote Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers and Storage Cabinets. The total electrical load shall be measured and adjusted to determine CDEC. The electrical load categories shall include compressors, evaporator fan motors, lighting, surface anti-condensate load including fans and heaters, defrost heaters, condensate evaporator pans and any other suitable electrical loads when they are part of the unit. If measured electrical loads are not available, the following calculations shall be done to determine the CDEC.

$$CDEC = CEC + FEC + LEC + AEC + DEC + PEC$$

Remote Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers and Storage Cabinets shall report the individual loads in the calculation of CDEC. Shown below are formulae for the required individual loads.

5.2.1 *Calculation of CEC.* The EER values in Table 1 shall be used to calculate CEC for a 24 hour period.

Note: The EER values in Table 1 are based on an evaporator temperature and the Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandiser or Storage Cabinet classification. Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers and Storage Cabinets for Medium Temperature Applications shall use a temperature that is 2.0°F lower than the Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandiser or Storage Cabinet Dew Point.

Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers and Storage Cabinets for Low Temperature/Ice Cream Applications shall use a temperature that is 3.0°F lower than the Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandiser or Storage Cabinet Dew Point. Table 1 shall be used for consistency, understanding that other compressor selections can lead to a different efficiency.

$$CEC = [(Q_{rt}) \cdot (t - t_{dt})] / (EER \cdot 1000)$$

5.2.2 Calculation of FEC. The FEC shall be measured data for all fan motors or calculated data using the motor efficiency:

$$FEC = (P_f \cdot t_f) / (1000)$$

where:

$$\begin{split} P_f &= (P_{\rm fi} \cdot n) & \text{(measured)} \\ P_f &= (P_{\rm fo} \cdot n) \, / \, (\eta_m) & \text{(calculated)} \end{split}$$

5.2.3 Calculation of LEC.

$$LEC = (P_{li} \cdot t_l) / (1000)$$

5.2.4 Calculation of AEC.

$$AEC = (P_{ai} \cdot t_a) / (1000)$$

5.2.5 Calculation of DEC.

$$DEC = (P_{d} \cdot t_{d}) / (1000)$$

5.2.6 Calculation of PEC.

$$PEC = (P_c \cdot t_c) / (1000)$$

- **5.2.7** Other Electric Energy Consumption. If there are additional options that decrease or increase the electrical usage, they shall be noted under "Other Loads" (Section 8) with an appropriate calculation for energy consumption expressed in kW·h per day.
- **5.3** Alternate Components Direct Effects. The energy consumption of substituted or alternate components shall be measured or calculated from the component's nameplate rating. The energy usage of the substituted or alternate components shall be used to recalculate the CDEC in 5.2. The energy consumption of the substituted or alternate components and the recalculated CDEC shall be reported as shown in Section 8.
 - **5.3.1** *FEC.* When removing or substituting a fan motor, the fan energy shall be measured or calculated according to 5.2.2. The energy usage of the substituted or alternate components shall be used to recalculate the CDEC according to 5.2. The energy consumption of the substituted or alternate components and the recalculated CDEC shall be reported according to Section 8. When calculating the fan motor energy for substituting a fan motor, the airflow rate produced from the assembly shall be equal to the original configuration.
 - **5.3.2** *LEC.* When removing or substituting lighting, the lighting energy shall be measured or calculated according to 5.2.3. The energy usage of the substituted or alternate components shall be used to recalculate the CDEC according to 5.2. The energy consumption of the substituted or alternate components and the recalculated CDEC shall be reported according to Section 8.
 - **5.3.3** *AEC.* When removing or substituting an anti-condensate heater, the heater energy shall be measured or calculated according to 5.2.4. The energy usage of the substituted or alternate components shall be used to recalculate the CDEC according to 5.2. The energy consumption of the substituted or alternate components and the recalculated CDEC shall be reported according to Section 8.
 - **5.3.4** *DEC.* When removing or substituting a defrost heater, the heater energy shall be measured or calculated according to 5.2.5. The energy usage of the substituted or alternate components shall be used to recalculate the CDEC according to 5.2. The energy consumption of the substituted or alternate components and the recalculated CDEC shall be reported according to Section 8.
 - **5.3.5** *PEC.* When removing or substituting a condensate evaporator pan, the pan energy shall be measured or calculated according to 5.2.6. The energy usage of the substituted or alternate components shall be used to recalculate the CDEC according to 5.2. The energy consumption of the substituted or alternate components and the recalculated CDEC shall be reported according to Section 8.

Medium Temperature Low Temperature /Ice Cream Adjusted Dew Point EER °F °F 0.0 9.25 1.0 9.37 2.0 9.50 3.0 9.63 -33.0 5.73	Table 1. EER for Remote Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers and Storage Cabinets		
°F °F 0.0 9.25 -36.0 5.48 1.0 9.37 -35.0 5.56 2.0 9.50 -34.0 5.64	-		
0.0 9.25 -36.0 5.48 1.0 9.37 -35.0 5.56 2.0 9.50 -34.0 5.64	2		
1.0 9.37 -35.0 5.56 2.0 9.50 -34.0 5.64			
2.0 9.50 -34.0 5.64	3		
	5		
3.0 9.63 -33.0 5.73	ļ		
2.0	3		
4.0 9.76 -32.0 5.81	-		
5.0 9.87 -31.0 5.90)		
6.0 10.03 -30.0 5.98	3		
7.0 10.19 -29.0 6.06	5		
8.0 10.36 -28.0 6.15	;		
9.0 10.52 -27.0 6.24	1		
10.0 10.69 -26.0 6.33	3		
11.0 10.87 -25.0 6.41	-		
12.0 11.05 -24.0 6.50)		
13.0 11.22 -23.0 6.60)		
14.0 11.40 -22.0 6.70)		
15.0 11.58 -21.0 6.78	3		
16.0 11.79 -20.0 6.88	3		
17.0 11.99 -19.0 6.98	3		
18.0 12.19 -18.0 7.08	3		
19.0 12.39 -17.0 7.19)		
20.0 12.59 -16.0 7.29)		
21.0 12.85 -15.0 7.39)		
22.0 13.04 -14.0 7.49)		
23.0 13.27 -13.0 7.60)		
24.0 13.49 -12.0 7.70)		
25.0 13.72 -11.0 7.81	-		
26.0 13.95 -10.0 7.92	2		
27.0 14.18 -9.0 8.03	3		
28.0 14.47 -8.0 8.14			
29.0 14.73 -7.0 8.25	;		
30.0 14.98 -6.0 8.36	j		
31.0 15.27 -5.0 8.48	3		
32.0 15.56 -4.0 8.59)		
33.0 15.84 -3.0 8.71			
34.0 16.13 -2.0 8.83	3		
35.0 16.42 -1.0 8.95	i		

Note:

1.

^{1.} EER values at Medium and Low Temperature/Ice Cream Applications are based on a typical reciprocating compressor.

^{2.} Linear interpolation shall be used to calculate EER values for temperatures not shown in Table

5.4 Alternate Component Indirect Effects. The revised Compressor Energy Consumption (CEC_R) is the indirect effect of alternate component(s) on the Compressor Energy Consumption (CEC) and shall be measured or calculated. The total revised Compressor Energy Consumption (CEC_R) is the sum of the CEC and the additional Compressor Energy Consumption (CEC_R) for each component.

$$CEC_R = CEC + \sum CEC_A$$

5.4.1 *Fans.* When substituting a fan motor located in the refrigerated space, the change in energy affects the CEC. The change in CEC shall be calculated by multiplying the difference in power usage between the alternate components by the operating time and dividing by the compressor's EER rating. This change in CEC shall be added back to the original CEC:

$$CEC_A = 3.4121 \cdot [(P_s \cdot t_s) - (P_o \cdot t_o)] / (EER \cdot 1000)$$

5.4.2 Lights. When substituting internal lighting located in the refrigerated space, the change in energy affects the CEC. The change in CEC shall be calculated by multiplying the difference in power usage between the alternate components by the operating time and dividing by the compressor's EER rating. This change in CEC shall be added back to the original CEC.

For ballast located internal or external to the refrigerated space:

$$CEC_A = 3.4121 \cdot [(P_s \cdot t_s) - (P_o \cdot t_o)] / (EER \cdot 1000)$$

5.4.3 Anti-Condensate Heater. When substituting an anti-condensate heater located in the refrigerated space, the change in energy affects the CEC. The change in CEC shall be calculated by dividing the difference in energy usage between the alternate components by the compressor's EER rating. This change in CEC shall be added back to the original CEC:

$$CEC_A = 3.4121 \cdot [(P_s \cdot t_s) - (P_o \cdot t_o)] / (EER \cdot 1000)$$

5.4.4 Condensate Evaporator Pans. When substituting a condensate evaporator pan located in the refrigerated space, the change in energy affects the CEC. The change in CEC shall be calculated by dividing the difference in energy usage between the alternate components by the compressor's EER rating.

This change in CEC shall be added back to the original CEC:

$$CEC_A = 3.4121 \cdot [(P_s \cdot t_s) - (P_o \cdot t_o)] / (EER \cdot 1000)$$

5.5 Refrigerated Volume. The refrigerated volume of the Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandiser or Storage Cabinet shall be calculated based on the equation below using the load line Volume as described in Appendix C:

$$V_r = A_r \cdot L$$

5.6 *Total Display Area.* The total display area of the Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandiser shall be calculated based on the equation below and as described in Appendix D:

$$TDA = (D_h \cdot L) + A_e$$

- **5.7** *Tolerances.* To comply with this standard, published CDEC ratings shall be based on data obtained in accordance with this section, and shall be such that any production unit, when tested, shall not exceed these ratings by more than 5%. Values obtained using calculated component substitutions must also meet these tolerances.
- **5.8** Multiples. The CDEC, in kW·h per day, shall be expressed in 0.01 kW·h per day increments.

Section 6. Rating Requirements for Self-contained Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers and Storage Cabinets

- **6.1** *General.* This section identifies the necessary data required to calculate the TDEC for Self-contained Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers and Storage Cabinets.
- **6.2** TDEC for Self-contained Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers and Storage Cabinets. The total electrical load shall be measured to determine TDEC. The electrical load measurement shall include compressors, evaporator fan motors, condensing fan motors, lighting, anti-condensate loads including fans and heaters, defrost heaters, condensate evaporator pans and any other suitable electrical loads when they are part of the unit:

$$TDEC = E_{t}$$

The values are expressed in kW·h per day.

6.3 Alternate Components for Self-contained Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers and Storage Cabinets. The direct energy consumption of alternate components shall be measured or calculated from the component's nameplate rating. A calculated change in the energy usage for the alternate component shall be substituted for the energy usage of the component used in the total energy test only if the alternate component uses less energy than the original component. A credit for a reduction in the CEC due to alternate components in a Self-contained Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandiser or Storage Cabinet shall not be taken if a calculated value is used. A direct measurement of the total electrical load shall be made if the alternate component uses more energy than the original component or it is desired to take a credit for the compressor energy reduction.

The calculated direct effect in energy usage shall be added back to the original TDEC and the adjusted Total Daily Energy Consumption (TDEC_A) determined for each component substitution.

$$TDEC_{A} = E_{s} - E_{o}$$

Where:

$$E_s = P_s \cdot t_s$$

$$E_o = P_o \cdot t_o$$

- **6.3.1** FEC. When removing or substituting a fan motor, the fan energy shall be measured or calculated according to 5.2.2. The adjusted Total Daily Energy Consumption (TDEC_A) shall be measured or calculated using Equation 16. When calculating the fan motor energy for substituting a fan motor, the airflow produced from the assembly shall be equal to the original configuration.
- **6.3.2** *LEC*. When removing or substituting internal lighting, lighting energy shall be measured or calculated from the product nameplate according to 5.2.3. The adjusted Total Daily Energy Consumption (TDEC_A) shall be measured or calculated using Equation 16. It does not matter if the ballast is internal or external to refrigerated space because the CEC adjustment cannot be made for the Self-contained Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandiser or Storage Cabinet.
- **6.3.3** *AEC.* When removing or substituting an anti-condensate heater, the heater energy shall be measured or calculated from the product's nameplate according to 5.2.4. The adjusted Total Daily Energy Consumption (TDEC_A) shall be measured or calculated using Equation 16.
- **6.3.4** *DEC.* When removing or substituting a defrost heater, the change in energy shall be measured or calculated according to 5.2.5. The adjusted Total Daily Energy Consumption (TDEC_A) shall be measured or calculated using Equation 16.
- **6.3.5** *PEC.* When removing or substituting a condensate evaporator pan, the change in energy shall be measured or calculated according to 5.2.6. The adjusted Total Daily Energy Consumption (TDEC_A) shall be measured or calculated using Equation 16.
- **6.4** *Refrigerated Volume.* The refrigerated volume of the Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandiser or Storage Cabinet shall be calculated using one of the two following methods.

- **6.4.1** *AHAM Volume Method.* The refrigerated volume of self service Closed Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers and Commercial Refrigerated Storage Cabinets shall be determined using the ANSI/AHAM volume.
- **6.4.2** Load Line Volume Method. The Refrigerated Volume of all other Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers shall be determined using Load Line volume.
- **6.5** *Total Display Area.* The total display area of the Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandiser is calculated according to 5.6.
- **6.6** Tolerances. To comply with this standard, published TDEC ratings whether measured or calculated shall be based on data obtained in accordance with this section, and shall be such that any production unit, when tested, shall not exceed these ratings by more than 5%.
- **6.7** Multiples. The TDEC, expressed in kW·h per day, shall be stated in 0.01 kW·h per day increments.

Section 7. Symbols and Subscripts

- **7.1** *Symbols and Subscripts.* The symbols and subscripts used in this standard are as follows:
 - A_e = Projected area from visible product through end walls, ft²
 - A_r = Gross refrigerated area, ft²
 - AEC = Anti-condensate energy consumption, kW·h per day
 - CDEC = Calculated Daily Energy Consumption, kW·h per day
 - $CEC \quad = \quad Compressor \ Energy \ Consumption, \ kW \cdot h \ \ per \ day$
 - CEC_A = Additional Compressor Energy Consumption for an alternate component, kW·h per day
 - CEC_R = Revised Compressor Energy Consumption, kW·h per day
 - DEC = Defrost Energy Consumption, kW·h per day
 - $D_h \qquad = \ \, Dimension \ of \ projected \ visible \ product, \ ft$
 - E_o = Original energy consumption, kW·h
 - E_s = Energy consumption with substituted component, kW·h per day
 - E_t = Total energy measured or calculated for 24 hour period, kW·h per day
 - EER = Energy Efficiency Ratio (Table 1), Btu/W·h FEC = Fan Energy Consumption, kW·h per day
 - LEC = Light Energy Consumption, kW·h per day
 - LEC_R = Revised Light Energy Consumption, kW·h per day
 - L = Length of Refrigerated Space, ft
 - n = Number of fan motors
 - P_{ai} = Power anti-condensate heater input, W
 - P_c = Power condensate evaporator pan heater input, W
 - P_d = Power defrost heater input, W
 - P_f = Power fan, W
 - P_{fi} = Power fan input, W
 - $P_{fo} \qquad = \ Power \ fan \ output \ found \ on \ part \ nameplate, \ W$
 - P_{li} = Power light input, W
 - P_o = Power input calculated for original part, W
 - P_s = Power input calculated for substitution part, W PEC = Condensate Evaporator Pan Energy Consumption, kW⋅h per day
 - Q_{rt} = Commercial refrigerated display merchandiser or storage cabinet average refrigerator load for the running cycle(s) within the test (during total refrigerating time), Btu/h
 - t = Time unit is tested in 24 h period, h
 - t_a = Time anti-condensate heaters are on in 24 hour period, h
 - t_c = Time condensate evaporator pan heaters are on in 24 hour period, h
 - t_d = Time defrost heaters are on in 24 hour period, h
 - t_{dt} = Time unit is in defrost, h
 - t_f = Time fans are on in 24 hour period, h t₁ = Time lights are on in 24 hour period, h

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 t_o = Time original part is on in 24 hour period, h t_s = Time substitution part is on in 24 hour period, h

 $TDA = Total Display Area, ft^2$

TDEC = Total Daily Energy Consumption, kW h per day

TDEC_A= Adjusted Total Daily Energy Consumption, kW·h per day

 V_r = Refrigerated Volume, ft³

 $\eta_m = Motor efficiency$

Note: Per day denotes a 24-hour period.

Section 8. Minimum Data Requirements for Published Ratings

- **8.1** *Minimum Data Requirements for Published Ratings.* As a minimum, Published Ratings shall include all Standard Ratings. All claims to ratings within the scope of this standard shall include the statement "Rated in accordance with AHRI Standard 1200 (I-P)". All claims to ratings outside the scope of this standard shall include the statement "Outside the scope of AHRI Standard 1200 (I-P)". Wherever Application Ratings are published or printed, they shall include a statement of the conditions at which the ratings apply.
- **8.2** Table 2 represents the remote commercial refrigerated display merchandiser or storage cabinet data that shall be reported for each appropriate model(s).
- **8.3** Table 3 represents the self-contained commercial refrigerated display merchandiser or storage cabinet data that shall be reported for each appropriate model (s).

Section 9. Marking and Nameplate Data

Marking and Nameplate Data. As a minimum, the following information shall be shown in a conspicuous place on the equipment:

- a. Name or trade name of manufacturer
- b. Manufacturer's model number
- c. Heat transfer fluid (where appropriate)

Nameplate voltages for 60 Hertz systems shall include one or more of the equipment nameplate voltage ratings shown in Table 1 of AHRI Standard 110. Nameplate voltages for 50 Hertz systems shall include one or more of the utilization voltages shown in Table 1 of IEC Standard 60038.

Section 10. Conformance Conditions

Conformance. While conformance with this standard is voluntary, conformance shall not be claimed or implied for products or equipment within the standard's *Purpose* (Section 1) and *Scope* (Section 2) unless such product claims meet all of the requirements of the standard and all of the testing and rating requirements are measured and reported in complete compliance with the standard. Any product that has not met all the requirements of the standard shall not reference, state, or acknowledge the standard in any written, oral, or electronic communication.

Table 2. Presentation of Data for Remote Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers and Storage Cabinets		
Item Number	Informational Item	Data
1	Model Number	
2	Adjusted Dew Point (Refrigerant), °F	
3	Load Capacity, Q _{rt} , Btu/h	
4	Length of refrigerated space, L, ft	
5	Refrigerated Volume, V, ft ³	
6	Total Display Area, TDA, ft ²	
7	Unit Test Voltage, Volts	
8	Evaporator Dew Point Temperature (Refrigerant), °F	
9	Integrated Average Temperature of Product Simulators, °F	
10	CEC, kW·h per day	
11	FEC, kW·h per day	
12	LEC, kW·h per day	
13	PEC, kW⋅h per day	
14	AEC, kW⋅h per day	
15	DEC, kW·h per day	
16	CDEC, kW·h per day	
17	CDEC/Refrigerated Volume, kW·h/ft³per day	
18	CDEC/Total Display Area, kW·h/ft ² per day	
19	Other Loads, Notes:	

Table 3. Presentation of Data for Self-contained Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers and Storage Cabinets		
Item Number	Informational Item	Data
1	Model Number	
2	Length of refrigerated space, L, ft	
3	Refrigerated Volume, V, ft ³	
4	Total Display Area, TDA, ft ²	
5	Unit Test Voltage, Volts	
6	Integrated Average Temperature of Product Simulators, °F	
7	TDEC, kW·h per day	
8	TDEC/Refrigerated Volume, kW·h/ft³ per day	
9	TDEC/Total Display Area, kW·h/ft² per day	
10	Other Loads, Notes:	

APPENDIX A. REFERENCES - NORMATIVE

- **A1** Listed here are all standards, handbooks, and other publications essential to the formation and implementation of the standard. All references in this appendix are considered as part of this standard.
 - **A1.1** AHAM Standard HRF-1-2008, Energy, Performance and Capacity of Household Refrigerators, Refrigerator-Freezers, and Freezers, 2008 Association of Home Appliance Manufacturers, 1111 19th Street NW, Suite 402, Washington, DC 20036.
 - **A1.2** AHRI Standard 110-2002, *Air-Conditioning and Refrigerating Equipment Nameplate Voltages*, 2002, Air-Conditioning, Heating, and Refrigeration Institute, 2111 Wilson Boulevard, Suite 500, Arlington, VA 22201, U.S.A.
 - **A1.3** ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 72-2005, *Method of Testing Commercial Refrigerators and Freezers*, 2005, American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air-Conditioning Engineers, Inc., 1791 Tullie Circle N.E., Atlanta, GA 30329, U.S.A.
 - **A1.4** ASHRAE, *Terminology of Heating*, *Ventilation Air Conditioning and Refrigeration*, Second Edition, 1991, American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers, Inc., 1791 Tullie Circle N.E. Atlanta, GA 30329, U.S.A.
 - **A1.5** IEC Standard 60038, *IEC Standard Voltages*, 2002, International Electrotechnical Commission, 3, rue de Varembe, P. O. Box 131, 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland.
 - **A1.6** 10 CFR Part 431.64. 2008. "Energy Efficiency Program for Certain Commercial and Industrial Equipment." *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations*.

APPENDIX B. REFERENCES – INFORMATIVE

None

APPENDIX C. COMMERCIAL REFRIGERATED DISPLAY MERCHANDISER AND STORAGE CABINET LOAD LINE VOLUME CALCULATION – NORMATIVE

C1 The commercial refrigerated display merchandiser refrigerated Volume (V_r) equals the gross refrigerated area (A_r) multiplied by the length of refrigerated space (L), as shown in Figure C1.1. The gross refrigerated area shall be calculated within the manufacturer's specified load limit lines, without display devices installed in the Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandiser, and shall be calculated using straight-line segments following the interior of the Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandiser without display devices installed. The sample cross sections shown in Figure C1.2 shall be used as a guide in Equation C1.

 $V_r = A_r \cdot L$

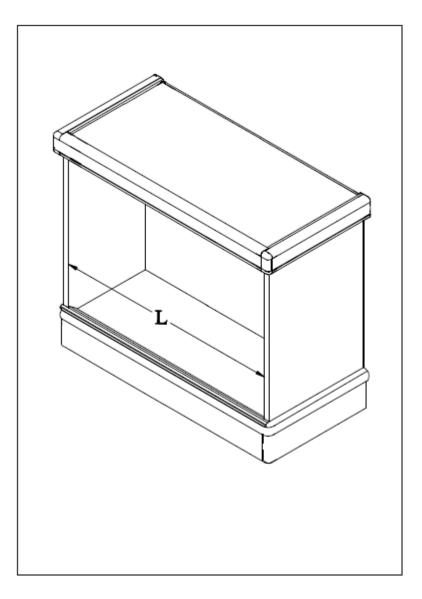


Figure C1.1: Sample Isometric View of Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers for Illustrating Length of Refrigerated Space

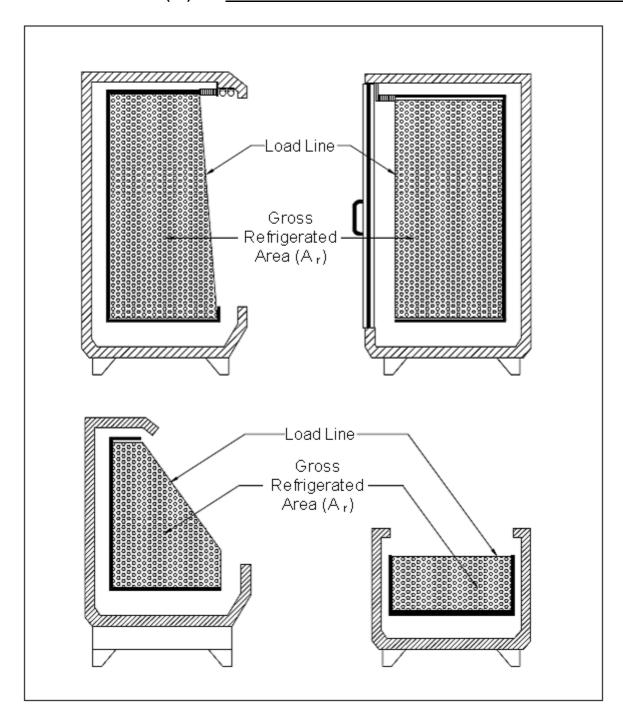


Figure C1.2: Sample Cross Sections of Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers for Load Line Volume Calculation

C2 The commercial refrigerated storage cabinet refrigerated Volume (V_r) equals the gross refrigerated area (A_r) multiplied by the length of refrigerated space (L). The gross refrigerated area shall be calculated within the manufacturer's specified load limit. The gross refrigerated area shall be calculated using straight-line segments following the interior of the Commercial Refrigerated Storage Cabinet without display devices installed. The sample cross section in Figure C2 shall be used as a guide in Equation C1.

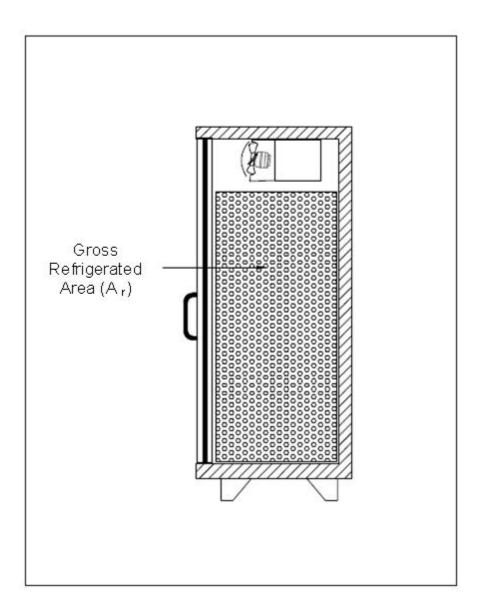


Figure C2: Sample Cross Section of Commercial Refrigerated Storage Cabinets for Volume Calculation

APPENDIX D. COMMERCIAL REFRIGERATED DISPLAY MERCHANDISER TOTAL DISPLAY AREA (TDA) CALCULATION – NORMATIVE

The Total Display Area (TDA) is the sum of the projected area(s) for visible product, ft².

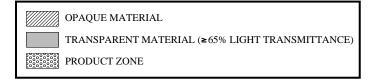
$$TDA = D_h \cdot L + A_e$$
 D1

 A_e = Projected area from visible product through end walls (Figures D13 to D16)

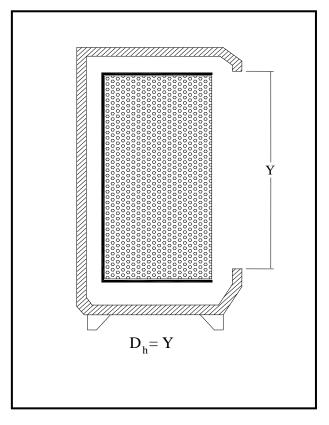
 D_h = Dimension of projected visible product (Figures D1 to D12)

L = Length of Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandiser

Note: For unique geometries, the TDA shall be calculated manually. Refer to Figure D17.



Nominal Length Display Merchandisers:



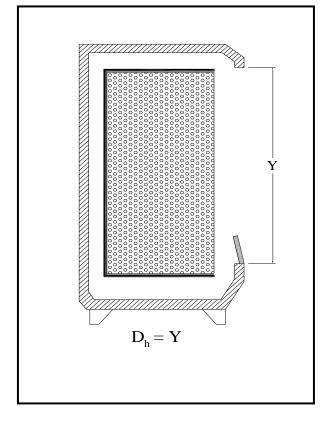
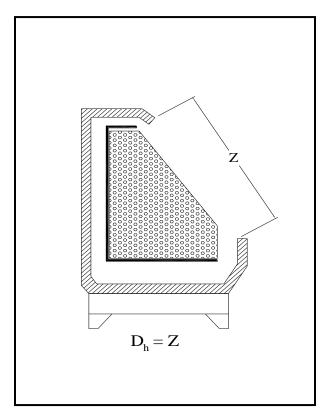


Figure D1: Vertical Open Multi-deck

Figure D2: Vertical Open Multi-deck with Transparent Front



 $D_{\rm h}=Z$

Figure D3: Semi-vertical Open Multi-deck

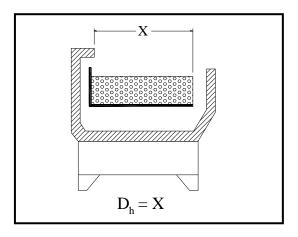


Figure D5: Horizontal Open Single-deck

Figure D4: Semi-vertical Open Multi-deck with Transparent Front

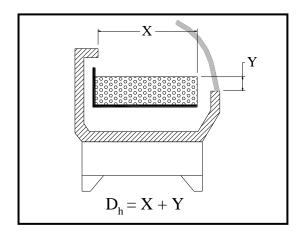


Figure D6: Horizontal Open Single-deck with Transparent Front

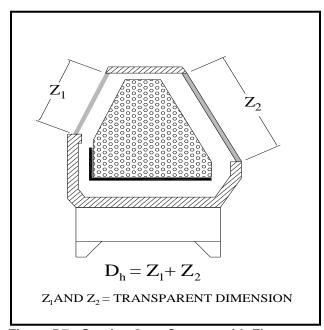


Figure D7: Service Over Counter with Flat
Transparent Front

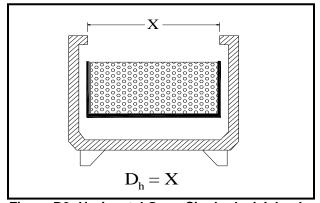


Figure D9: Horizontal Open Single-deck Island

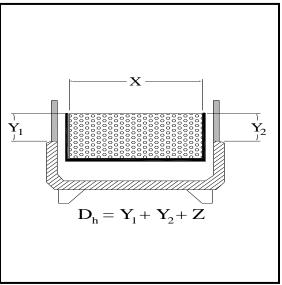


Figure D11: Horizontal Open Single-deck Island with Transparent Walls

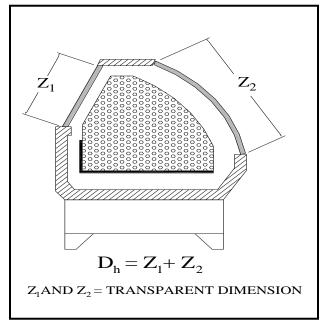


Figure D8: Service Over Counter with Curved Transparent Front

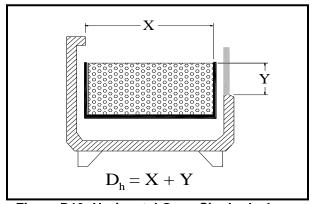


Figure D10: Horizontal Open Single-deck Island with Transparent Wall

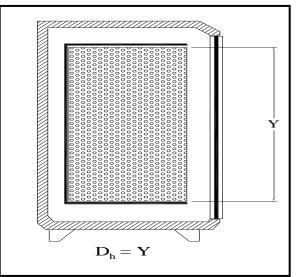


Figure D12: Vertical Closed Multi-deck with Transparent Doors

End Walls:

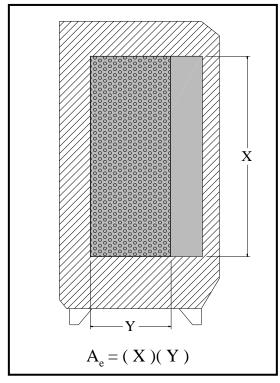


Figure D13: Vertical End Wall
With Transparent Section

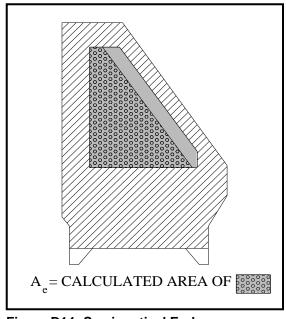


Figure D14: Semi-vertical End Wall with Transparent Section

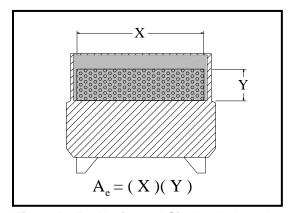


Figure D15: Horizontal Single-deck and Single-deck Island End Wall with Transparent Section

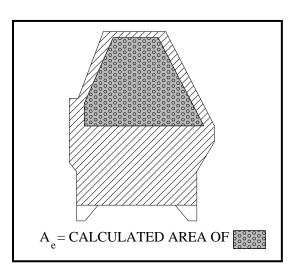


Figure D16: Service Over Counter End Wall with Transparent Section

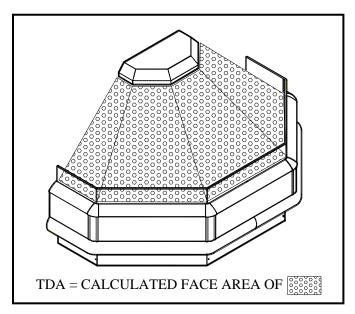


Figure D17: Example TDA for Unique Geometries

APPENDIX E. EXAMPLE – ENERGY PERFORMANCE REPRESENTATION FOR A REMOTE COMMERCIAL REFRIGERATED DISPLAY MERCHANDISER OR STORAGE CABINET – INFORMATIVE

E1 Example of Performance Calculation and Presentation .

E1.1 Situation. A manufacturer produces a remote commercial refrigerated display dairy merchandiser for Medium Temperature Applications in 4.0 ft, 6.0 ft, 8.0 ft, and 12.0 ft lengths. The gross refrigerated area of these cases is 11.67 ft² and the dimension of projected visible product is 4.35 ft. The cross-sections of all cases with this model are identical. The display case is rated at 120 V.

E1.2 Measured Results (per ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 72 Energy Calculations).

- -Remote unit 12.0 ft long (actual length of refrigerated space) with two solid end walls.
- -Capacity load: 16,400 Btu/h at 23.0°F evaporator temperature
- -Integrated Average Temperature = 37.6°F
- -Fan power = 60 W (fans on during defrost)
- -Anti-condensate power = 0 W
- -Lighting watts = 294 W (located in the refrigerated space)
- -Electric defrost power = 0 W (off cycle)
- -Condensate pan power = 0 W (none)
- -Number of defrosts in 24 h = 4
- -Length of each defrost = 0.6 h

E1.3 Energy Performance Calculations.

E1.3.1 Calculation of Refrigerated Volume.

$$V_r = A_r \cdot L$$

= 11.67 \cdot 12.0 = 140.04 ft³

E1.3.2 Calculation of TDA.

$$TDA = (D_h \cdot L) + A_e$$

= (4.35 \cdot 12) + 0 = 52.20 ft² E2

E1.3.3 Calculation of CEC.

EER (Table 1) based on 21.0°F Adjusted Dew Point (23.0°F for Medium Temperature Applications) = 12.85

Defrost total time = $4 \times 0.6 = 2.4 \text{ h}$

CEC =
$$[(Q_{rt}) \cdot (t - t_{dt})] / (EER \cdot 1000)$$
 E3
= $[(16,400) \cdot (24 - 2.4)] / (12.85 \cdot 1000)$
= $27.57 \text{ kW} \cdot \text{h per day}$

E1.3.4 *Calculation of FEC.*

FEC =
$$(P_{fi} \cdot t_f) / (1000)$$

= $(60 \cdot 24) / (1000)$
= 1.44 kW·h per day

E1.3.5 *Calculation of LEC.*

$$\begin{aligned} LEC &= \left(P_{1i} \cdot t_{1} \right) / \left(1000 \right) \\ &= \left(294 \cdot 24 \right) / \left(1000 \right) \\ &= 7.06 \text{ kW} \cdot \text{h per day} \end{aligned}$$
 E5

E1.3.6 Calculation of AEC.

 $AEC = 0 \text{ kW} \cdot \text{h per day}$

E1.3.7 Calculation of DEC.

 $DEC = 0 \text{ kW} \cdot \text{h per day}$

E1.3.8 *Calculation of PEC.*

 $PEC = 0 \text{ kW} \cdot \text{h per day}$

E1.3.9 *Calculation of CDEC.*

CDEC =
$$CEC + FEC + LEC + AEC + DEC + PEC$$

= $27.57 + 1.44 + 7.06 + 0 + 0 + 0$
= $36.07 \text{ kW} \cdot \text{h per day}$

- **E1.4** Presentation of CDEC Data. Refer to Table E1 for correct display of performance data.
- **E2** Example of Performance Calculation and Presentation with Component Substitution.
 - **E2.1** Situation. The manufacturer of the case in the situation shown in Section E1 substitutes the lamp ballasts with new ballasts.
 - **E2.2** Nameplate Data. The original ballast had a nameplate rating of 294 W. The new ballast has a nameplate rating of 360 W.
 - **E2.3** Energy Performance Calculations with Component Substitution.
 - **E2.3.1** *Calculation of Revised Light Energy Consumption.*

$$LEC_{R} = (P_{s} \cdot t_{l}) / (1000)$$

$$= (360 \cdot 24) / (1000)$$

$$= 8.64 \text{ kW} \cdot \text{h per day}$$

- **E2.3.2** Calculation of revised Compressor Energy Consumption.
 - a. Calculation of CEC_A .

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CEC}_{A} &= 3.4121 * \left[(P_{s} \cdot t_{s}) - (P_{o} \cdot t_{o}) \right] / \left(\text{EER} \cdot 1000 \right) \\ &= 3.4121 * \left[(360 \cdot 24) - (294 \cdot 24) \right] / \left(12.85 \cdot 1000 \right) \\ &= 0.42 \text{ kW} \cdot \text{h per day} \end{aligned}$$

b. Calculation of CEC_R .

$$CEC_R = CEC + CEC_A$$
 E9
= 27.57 + 0.42
= 27.99 kW·h per day

c. Calculation of Revised CDEC.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{CDEC} &= \text{CEC}_{R} + \text{FEC} + \text{LEC}_{R} + \text{AEC} + \text{DEC} + \text{PEC} \\ &= 27.99 + 1.44 + 8.64 + 0 + 0 \\ &= 38.07 \text{ kW} \cdot \text{h per day} \end{aligned}$$

	Storage Cabinets	
Item Number	Informational Item	Data
1	Model Number	Model X
2	Adjusted Dew Point (Refrigerant), °F	21
3	Load Capacity, Q _{rt} , Btu/h	16,400
4	Length of refrigerated space, L, ft	12
5	Refrigerated Volume, V, ft ³	140.04
6	Total Display Area, TDA, ft ²	52.20
7	Unit Test Voltage, Volts	120
8	Evaporator Dew Point Temperature, °F	23.0
9	Integrated Average Temperature of Product Simulators, °F	37.6
10	CEC, kW⋅h per day	27.57
11	FEC, kW·h per day	1.44
12	LEC, kW·h per day	7.06
13	PEC, kW⋅h per day	N/A
14	AEC, kW·h per day	0.0
15	DEC, kW·h per day	0.0
16	CDEC, kW·h per day	36.07
17	CDEC/Refrigerated Volume, kW·h/ft ³ per day	0.26
18	CDEC/Total Display Area, kW·h/ft ² per day	0.69
19	Other Loads, Notes:	

APPENDIX F. EXAMPLE – ENERGY PERFORMANCE REPRESENTATION FOR A SELF-CONTAINED COMMERCIAL REFRIGERATED DISPLAY MERCHANDISER OR STORAGE CABINET- INFORMATIVE

- **F1** *Example of Performance Calculation and Presentation.*
 - **F1.1** Situation. A manufacturer produces a self-contained commercial refrigerated display bakery merchandiser for Medium Temperature Applications in 4.0 ft, 6.0 ft, and 8.0 ft lengths. The gross refrigerated area of these cases is 3.95 ft² and the dimension of projected visible product is 3.81 ft. The cross-sections of all cases with this model are identical. The display merchandiser is rated at 120 V.
 - **F1.2** *Measured Results* (per ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 72).
 - Self-contained commercial refrigerated display bakery merchandiser, 4.0 ft long (actual length of refrigerated space) with two end walls each containing 2.74 ft² of transparent area.
 - Integrated Average Temperature = 38.2°F (measured 24 hour total)
 - Total energy measured for 24 hour period = 21.2 kW·h per day
 - **F1.3** Energy Performance Calculations.
 - **F1.3.1** Calculation of Gross Volume.

$$V_r = A_r \cdot L$$

= 3.95 · 4.0
= 15.8 ft³

F1.3.2 Calculation of TDA.

$$TDA = (D_h \cdot L) + A_e$$
= (3.81 \cdot 4) + (2.74 \cdot 2)
= 20.72 ft²

F1.3.3 Calculation of TDEC.

TDEC =
$$E_t$$

= 21.20 kW·h per day

F1.4 *Presentation of TDEC Data.* Refer to Table F1 for display of performance data.

Table F1. Sample Presentation of Data for Self-contained Commercial Refrigerated Display Merchandisers and Storage Cabinets		
Item Number	Informational Item	Data
1	Model Number	Model X
2	Length of refrigerated space, L, ft	4
3	Refrigerated Volume, V, ft ³	15.8
4	Total Display Area, TDA, ft ²	20.72
5	Unit Test Voltage, Volts	120
6	Integrated Average Temperature of Product Simulators, °F	38.2
7	TDEC, kW·h per day	21.20
8	TDEC/Refrigerated Volume, kW·h/ft ³ per day	1.34
9	TDEC/Total Display Area, kW·h/ft² per day	1.02
10	Other Loads, Notes:	